# Speech Assessment Report Spring 2017 <br> Author: Joseph F. van Gaalen, Ph.D., Director, Assessment \& Effectiveness 

## 1 INTRODUCTION

Florida SouthWestern's Speech Department has employed a common rubric used by all faculty as a means to evaluate an agreed upon series of student level outcomes. With a goal towards increasing student oral communication achievement, faculty have focused on a series of Student Learning Objectives (SLOs) using the rubric dimensions Introduction, Organization, Support, Oral Documentation, Language, NV-Vocal, NV-Physical, Presentation Media, Attire, and Conclusion, in a formative speech common assessment. Additional department goals for assessment include comparing results of SPC 1017, Fundamentals of Speech Communication, with that of SPC 2608, Introduction to Public Speaking, and comparisons by campus, dual enrollment/non-dual enrollment, and online/traditional, when applicable. These correlative measures will serve as support for instructive improvement (Cole et al., 2011; Elder and Paul, 2007).

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## 2 LeArning Objectives, Outcomes, and Descriptive Statistics

Using common rubric criterion as an assessment method, in the 2014-15 academic year the FSW Speech faculty defined three areas of interest for evaluation that apply to both SPC 1017 and SPC 2608 and set goals appropriately. Results from that year showed that students met expectations (> 60\% at achievement level). As a result, faculty determined that goals were raised in AY 2015-2016 to > 70\%. These goals are maintained for AY 2017-2018.

The rubric dimensions are modeled on a 5-point scale where a score of 0 indicates "Insufficient", 1 indicates "Beginning" level, 2 indicates the "Developing" level, 3 indicates the "Accomplished" level, and 4 indicates the "Exemplary", or highest level. The SLOs and their measure of success are:

SLO1: Students will know how to avoid plagiarizing when speaking by incorporating an oral citation that includes appropriate information. The faculty established measure of success for this SLO is a rating of "Developing" or higher for $70 \%$ of the students.

SLO2: Students will be able to incorporate nonverbal physical behaviors vital to the success of an oral presentation. The faculty established measure of success for this SLO is a rating of "Developing" or higher for $70 \%$ of the students.

SLO3: Students will improve in the common outcomes of the Informative Speech Outline and the Informative Speech. These areas include Introduction, Oral documentation, Support, Organization, and Conclusion.

SLO4: Students will be able to prepare and deliver an effective speech introduction that gains the attention of the audience, establishes speaker credibility, relates the topic to the audience, identifies the topic and previews the main points of the speech. The faculty established measure of success for this SLO is a rating of "Developing" or higher in "Introduction" for 70\% of the students for both Outline and Informative Speech.

SLO5: Students will be able to provide effective speech closure by delivering a conclusion that signals the end, reviews purpose and main points and that ends smoothly and memorably. The faculty established measure of success for this SLO is a rating of "Developing" or higher in "Conclusion" for $70 \%$ of the students for both Outline and Informative Speech.

### 2.1 SPC 1017

### 2.1.1 Learning Objectives

For the spring 2017 assessment, 570 artifacts were collected for SPC 1017 from 23 of 39 course sections. In some cases, rubric scores could either not be accessed or located. The faculty established goal for SLO1, a rating of "Developing" or higher ( $\geq 2$ ) in the Informative Speech rubric dimension "Oral Documentation" for $70 \%$ of the students was met. Spring 2017 artifacts exhibit $81 \%$ of artifacts scored level 2 or greater (Table 1). The faculty established goal for SLO2, a rating of "Developing" or higher ( $\geq$ 2) in the Informative Speech rubric dimension "NV-Physical" for $70 \%$ of the students was met. Spring 2017 artifacts exhibit $96 \%$ scored level 2 or greater. Results for SLO3 require a somewhat different reporting process and, for convenience and clarity, are discussed following SLOs 4 and 5. The faculty established goal for SLO4, a rating of "Developing" or higher ( $\geq 2$ ) in both the Informative Speech and Outline rubric dimension "Introduction" was met. Spring 2017 artifacts exhibit 95\% scored level 2 or greater in the Outline and $91 \%$ in the Informative Speech. The faculty established goal for SLO5, a rating of "Developing" or higher ( $\geq 2$ ) for $70 \%$ of the students in both the Informative Speech and Outline rubric dimension "Conclusion" was met. Spring 2017 artifacts exhibit $94 \%$ scored level 2 or greater in Outline and $92 \%$ in the Informative Speech.

| Rubric Score |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { T్U } \\ & 0 \\ & \text { B } \\ & \text { 方 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 关 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { E } \\ & \text { B } \\ & \text { U } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Developing or higher | 91\% | 98\% | 98\% | 81\% | 99\% | 98\% | 96\% | 91\% | 97\% | 92\% |
| 4 | 34.6\% | 44.5\% | 83.4\% | 30.6\% | 49.0\% | 26.1\% | 70.6\% | 41.7\% | 66.6\% | 37.4\% |
| 3 | 34.0\% | 37.7\% | 14.0\% | 32.4\% | 46.2\% | 39.7\% | 25.9\% | 37.5\% | 26.9\% | 35.8\% |
| 2 | 22.5\% | 15.6\% | 0.2\% | 18.0\% | 3.8\% | 32.6\% | 0.0\% | 11.3\% | 3.6\% | 18.6\% |
| 1 | 8.3\% | 1.2\% | 1.8\% | 10.3\% | 0.2\% | 1.0\% | 3.0\% | 3.0\% | 2.6\% | 5.7\% |
| 0 | 0.6\% | 1.0\% | 0.6\% | 8.7\% | 0.8\% | 0.6\% | 0.6\% | 6.5\% | 0.4\% | 2.6\% |

Table 1. Percentage of student achievement level by rubric dimension for Informative Speech (includes percentage of students scoring in developmental level or higher as per SLOs). Rubric dimensions identified in SLOs in blue.

| Rubric Score | Introduction | Organization | Support | Oral Documentation | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Developing or higher | $95 \%$ | $95 \%$ | $95 \%$ | $63 \%$ | $94 \%$ |
| 4 | $45.8 \%$ | $48.2 \%$ | $31.4 \%$ | $19.6 \%$ | $47.4 \%$ |
| 2 | $31.4 \%$ | $36.1 \%$ | $42.7 \%$ | $29.1 \%$ | $32.5 \%$ |
| 2 | $17.8 \%$ | $11.0 \%$ | $20.4 \%$ | $14.4 \%$ | $14.1 \%$ |
| 1 | $3.4 \%$ | $2.9 \%$ | $2.9 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ | $2.6 \%$ |

Table 2. Percentage of student achievement level by rubric dimension for Outline that are common to Informative Speech for (includes percentage of students scoring in developmental level or higher as per SLOs).

The faculty established goal for SLO3, students will improve in the common outcomes of the Informative Speech Outline and the Informative Speech was met. To effectively illustrate this, two separate descriptions are provided. First, Table 3 describes mean scores by dimension and overall score for both Outline and Informative Speech. Note that artifact scores for the "Support" dimension of the Informative Speech were adjusted from a 15 -point scale to a 10 -point scale for comparison.

From these results improvement is exhibited in 2 of 5 dimensions as well as the overall. It is somewhat misleading, however, to compare improvement/decline percentages based on all data. Inherently, those scoring ' 4 ' on the Outline can only decline or remain unchanged. Similarly, those scoring ' 0 ' can only improve or remain unchanged. As the purpose of this study is to determine where improvement occurs and why, it may be more prudent to compare improvement/decline percentages and exclude those scoring 4 s on the Outline score (bottom three rows, Table 3). Based on these results, improvement is exhibited in all dimensions and overall score.

| Rubric Score | Introduction | Organization | Support | Oral Documentation | Conclusion | OVERALL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All artifacts |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Outline Mean | 8.3 | 8.5 | 7.9* | 5.5 | 8.3 | 76.4 |
| Informative Speech Mean | 7.8 | 8.4 | 8.4* | 6.5 | 7.6 | 78.9 |
| Change from Outline to Speech | -0.5 | -0.1 | 0.5* | 1.0 | -0.7 | 2.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Outline Mean | 6.7 | 6.9 | 8.0* | 3.9 | 6.6 | 74.4 |
| Informative Speech Mean | 7.0 | 8.0 | 8.4* | 6.0 | 6.9 | 77.8 |
| Change from Outline to Speech | 0.3 | 1.1 | 0.4* | 2.1 | 0.3 | 3.4 |

Table 3. Comparison of changes in mean score from Outline rubric dimensions to Informative Speech. *Denotes Informative Speech point-scale is a maximum of 15 points where Outline is 10. For these cases, Informative Speech results are normalized to a 10-point scale for comparison purposes.

A second way of describing results for this type of study is to review the percent improvements of common artifacts (originating from the same student) as shown in Figure 1 denoted by the black bar along with percent declines denoted by the red bar. From this figure, the same two dimensions which exhibited positive changes in mean scores also exhibit net improvements by students. The "Support" dimension exhibits net improvement in $26.0 \%$ of the artifacts (e.g., Speech $=4$ compared to Outline $=3$, or 3 to 2, etc.), compared with $17.6 \%$ decline while "Oral Documentation" exhibits $42.9 \%$ net improvement compared with $20.5 \%$ decline. As with Table 3, we compare only those artifacts which did not score perfect results on the Outline (Figure 2). From this figure, as with Table 3 above using extracted data, all five dimensions exhibit net improvement ranging from $25.3 \%$ in "Introduction" to $53.2 \%$ in "Oral Documentation".


Figure 1. Percent increase/decrease from Outline to Speech by common rubric dimension for fall 2016. Note that no change was exhibited by $58 \%$ for "Introduction", $48 \%$ for "Organization", $56 \%$ for "Support", $37 \%$ for "Oral Documentation", and 50\% for "Conclusion".


Figure 2. Percent increase/decrease from Outline to Speech by common rubric dimension for fall 2016 excluding those artifacts scoring perfect $4 / 4$ on Outline. Note that no change was exhibited by 54\% for "Introduction", 43\% for "Organization", 56\% for "Support", $35 \%$ for "Oral Documentation", and 47\% for "Conclusion".

### 2.1.2 Descriptive Statistics \& Longitudinal Data

Descriptive statistics for SPC 1017 artifacts for both Outline and Informative Speech can be found in Tables 4 and 5. Note that comparative means in Tables 2 and 3 above may differ from those in Tables 4 and 5 as the comparative study includes common artifacts only. If a student did not complete both Outline and Informative Speech, a comparative score could not be completed and is thus excluded in results for Tables 2 and 3. Tables 4 and 5 exhibit all artifacts. A histogram of artifact scores for both Outline and Speech is shown in Figure 3. While both distributions are similar, one distinction is that the Outline results are somewhat more sporadic and not as normally distributed (peak not as smooth).

|  |  |  | 荡 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { స్ } \\ & \text { ¢ } \\ & \text { 安 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| n | 506 | 506 | 506 | 506 | 506 | 506 | 506 | 506 | 506 | 506 |
| Max | 10 | 10 | 15 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 15 | 5 | 5 | 10 |
| Min | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mode | 8 | 10 | 15 | 8 | 10 | 8 | 12 | 5 | 5 | 8 |
| Mean | 7.8 | 8.4 | 12.9 | 7.0 | 8.8 | 7.8 | 11.7 | 4.0 | 4.6 | 7.9 |
| Standard deviation | 2.15 | 1.76 | 2.62 | 3.02 | 1.41 | 1.70 | 2.58 | 1.30 | 0.74 | 2.29 |

Table 4. Descriptive statistics for SPC 1017 Informative Speech.

| Rubric Score | Introduction | Organization | Support | Oral Documentation | Conclusion |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| n | 382 | 382 | 382 | 382 | 382 |
| Max | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Min | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mode | 10 | 10 | 8 | 8 | 10 |
| Mean | 8.3 | 8.5 | 7.9 | 5.5 | 8.3 |
| Standard deviation | 2.08 | 2.02 | 2.11 | 3.74 | 2.22 |

Table 5. Descriptive statistics for SPC 1017 Outline.


Figure 3. Overall score distribution for Outline (gray) and Speech (aqua) (spring 2017 term).

To describe the behavior of the rubric dimensions for the Informative Speech based on overall achievement a color map, or binary raster image was created by calculating the mean scores for each dimension as a function of combined score (Figure 4). To create this image the rubric scores (4, 3, 2, 1, or 0 ) for each artifact was grouped based on combined raw rubric score ( 10 dimensions x maximum rubric level of $4=40$ overall points). The color represents the mean rubric score achieved in each dimension based on the combined score as shown in the $x$-axis.


Figure 4. (Top) Colormap of mean scores for each rubric dimension (range: 0-4) based on overall rubric score (combined rubric score of all dimensions, max=40) for SPC 1017. (Bottom) Comparison rubric dimension if dimension score is the same as overall (i.e. artifact overall score is equally distributed across all sections). A rubric dimension with hotter colors (reds/yellows) means that dimension achievement exceeds the overall score and is an area of strength. An exam section with colder colors (blues/greens) means that section achievement is lower than the overall score and is therefore an area of weakness.

A review of the colormap in Figure 4 shows that at $34 / 40$ and above (average rubric score of 3.4 or higher) all dimensions fair relatively equally (hot colors fairly evenly distributed). This is similar to historical results dating back to fall 2015. When overall rubric scores range from 25-33, the "Support", "Language", and "Attire" dimensions exhibit strong scores even when the overall score is somewhat lower. For example, at an overall score of 28 , those three dimensions exhibit average scores of 3.2/4, $3.3 / 4$, and $3.5 / 4$, respectively, well above the average rubric score at that level, $2.8 / 4$. When overall rubric scores range below 27, "Oral Documentation" and "Presentation Media" are weaker than the others. From a student performance perspective, over achieving students tend to be equally strong in all dimensions, moderate students tend to excel in Support, Language, and Attire, while beginning to lag in other dimensions, and under achieving students tend to be exceedingly lagging in "Oral Documentation" and "Presentation Media."

A comparison of spring 2017 Informative Speech results with past results is shown in Figure 5 below. Results exhibit consistency among all rubric dimensions. Slight decreasing trends in both "Support" and "NV-Vocal", which appeared to have reversed somewhat in fall 2016, continue to decline in spring 2017.


Figure 5. Comparison of mean scores for Informative Speech through time beginning fall 2014 (light aqua) through spring 2015 (light purple), fall 2015 (darker aqua), spring 2016 (darker purple), fall 2016 (darkest aqua), and spring 2017 (darkest purple).

### 2.2 SPC 2608

### 2.2.1 Learning Objectives

For the spring 2017 assessment, 133 artifacts were collected for SPC 2608 from 7 of 14 course sections. In some cases, rubric scores could either not be accessed or located. The faculty established goal for SLO1, a rating of "Developing" or higher ( $\geq 2$ ) in the Informative Speech rubric dimension "Oral Documentation" for $70 \%$ of the students was met. Spring 2017 artifacts exhibit $89 \%$ of artifacts scored level 2 or greater (Table 6). The faculty established goal for SLO2, a rating of "Developing" or higher ( $\geq$ 2) in the Informative Speech rubric dimension "NV-Physical" for $70 \%$ of the students was met. Spring 2017 artifacts exhibit $100 \%$ scored level 2 or greater. Results for SLO3 require a somewhat different reporting process and, for convenience and clarity, are discussed following SLOs 4 and 5. The faculty established goal for SLO4, a rating of "Developing" or higher ( $\geq 2$ ) in both the Informative Speech and Outline rubric dimension "Introduction" was met. Spring 2017 artifacts exhibit $99 \%$ of scored level 2 or greater in Outline and $98 \%$ in Informative Speech. The faculty established goal for SLO5, a rating of
＂Developing＂or higher（ $\geq 2$ ）in both the Informative Speech and Outline rubric dimension＂Conclusion＂ was met．Spring 2017 artifacts exhibit $99 \%$ of scored level 2 or greater on the Outline and $98 \%$ on the Informative Speech．

| Rubric Score | 悉 |  | シ | \％ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 㟧 } \\ & \text { ت/0 } \\ & \text { 荷 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tु } \\ & 0 \\ & \text { ל } \\ & \text { 安 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { E } \\ & \text { 気 } \\ & \text { U } \\ & \text { U } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Developing or higher | 98\％ | 99\％ | 98\％ | 89\％ | 100\％ | 100\％ | 100\％ | 98\％ | 99\％ | 98\％ |
| 4 | 54．9\％ | 69．9\％ | 94．0\％ | 53．4\％ | 69．9\％ | 26．3\％ | 85．7\％ | 54．1\％ | 87．2\％ | 55．6\％ |
| 3 | 32．3\％ | 20．3\％ | 3．8\％ | 22．6\％ | 27．8\％ | 59．4\％ | 14．3\％ | 27．8\％ | 9．0\％ | 27．8\％ |
| 2 | 10．5\％ | 9．0\％ | 0．0\％ | 12．8\％ | 2．3\％ | 14．3\％ | 0．0\％ | 15．8\％ | 3．0\％ | 15．0\％ |
| 1 | 2．3\％ | 0．8\％ | 2．3\％ | 7．5\％ | 0．0\％ | 0．0\％ | 0．0\％ | 1．5\％ | 0．8\％ | 1．5\％ |
| 0 | 0．0\％ | 0．0\％ | 0．0\％ | 3．8\％ | 0．0\％ | 0．0\％ | 0．0\％ | 0．8\％ | 0．0\％ | 0．0\％ |

Table 6．Percentage of student achievement level by rubric dimension（includes percentage of students scoring in developmental level or higher as per SLOs）for SPC 2608．Rubric dimensions identified in SLOs in blue．

| Rubric Score | Introduction | Organization | Support | Oral Documentation | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Developing or higher | $99 \%$ | $99 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $74 \%$ | $99 \%$ |
| 4 | $74.3 \%$ | $89.0 \%$ | $72.8 \%$ | $30.1 \%$ | $66.9 \%$ |
| 2 | $20.6 \%$ | $7.4 \%$ | $20.6 \%$ | $20.6 \%$ | $30.9 \%$ |
| 2 | $3.7 \%$ | $2.9 \%$ | $6.6 \%$ | $23.5 \%$ | $1.5 \%$ |
| 1 | $0.7 \%$ | $0.7 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $20.6 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| 0 | $0.7 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $5.1 \%$ | $0.7 \%$ |

Table 7．Percentage of student achievement level by rubric dimension for Outline that are common to Informative Speech for （includes percentage of students scoring in developmental level or higher as per SLOs）．

The faculty established goal for SLO3，students will improve in the common outcomes of the Informative Speech Outline and the Informative Speech was met．To effectively illustrate this，again two separate descriptions are provided．First，Table 8 describes mean scores by dimension and overall score for both Outline and Informative Speech．Note that artifact scores for the＂Support＂dimension of the Informative Speech were adjusted from a 15 －point scale to a 10 －point scale for comparison．

From these results improvement is exhibited in 2 of 5 dimensions．As with SPC 1017，it is somewhat misleading to compare improvement／decline percentages based on all data．As such，the bottom three rows of Table 8 compares improvement／decline percentages and excludes those scoring 4 s on the Outline score（bottom row，Table 8）．Based on these results，improvement is exhibited in all dimensions and overall score．

| Rubric Score | Introduction | Organization | Support | Oral Documentation | Conclusion | OVERALL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All artifacts |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Outline Mean | 9.3 | 9.7 | 9．3＊ | 6.6 | 9.3 | 89.3 |
| Informative Speech Mean | 8.8 | 9.3 | 9．5＊ | 8.3 | 8.7 | 89.0 |
| Change from Outline to Speech | －0．5 | －0．4 | 0．2＊ | 1.7 | －0．6 | －0．3 |
| Only artifacts that did not score 4／4 on outline |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Outline Mean | 7.0 | 6.5 | $9.2 *$ | 5.0 | 7.4 | 87.6 |
| Informative Speech Mean | 8.3 | 6.8 | 9．5＊ | 7.9 | 8.2 | 88.7 |
| Change from Outline to Speech | 1.3 | 0.3 | 0．3＊ | 2.9 | 0.8 | 1.1 |

Table 8．Comparison of changes in mean score from Outline rubric dimensions to Informative Speech．＊Denotes Informative Speech point－scale is a maximum of 15 points where Outline is 10．For these cases，Informative Speech results are normalized to a 10－point scale for comparison purposes．

As with SPC 1017 above，a second way of describing results for this type of study is to review the percent improvements of common artifacts（originating from the same student）as shown in Figure 6
denoted by the black bar along with percent declines denoted by the red bar. From this figure, the same two dimensions which exhibited positive changes in mean scores also exhibit net improvements by students. The "Support" dimension exhibits net improvement in $18.3 \%$ of the artifacts (e.g., Speech $=$ 4 compared to Outline $=3$, or 3 to 2 , etc.), compared with $7.0 \%$ decline while "Oral Documentation" exhibits $58.3 \%$ net improvement compared with $11.3 \%$ decline. And as before, we compare only those artifacts which did not score perfect results on the Outline (Figure 7). From this figure, as with Table 8 above using extracted data, all five dimensions exhibit net improvement ranging from $21 \%$ in "Support" to $80 \%$ in "Oral Documentation".


Figure 6. Percent increase/decrease from Outline to Speech by common rubric dimension for fall 2016. Note that no change was exhibited by 57\% for "Introduction", 77\% for "Organization", 75\% for "Support", 30\% for "Oral Documentation", and 55\% for "Conclusion".


Figure 7. Percent increase/decrease from Outline to Speech by common rubric dimension for fall 2016 excluding those artifacts scoring perfect 4/4 on Outline. Note that no change was exhibited by $50 \%$ for "Introduction", $50 \%$ for "Organization", $71 \%$ for "Support", $9 \%$ for "Oral Documentation", and 50\% for "Conclusion".

### 2.2.2 Descriptive Statistics \& Longitudinal Data

Descriptive statistics for SPC 2608 artifacts for both Outline and Informative Speech can be found in Tables 9 and 10. Note that comparative means in Tables 6 and 7 above may differ from those in Tables 9 and 10 as the comparative study includes common artifacts only. If a student did not complete both Outline and Informative Speech, a comparative score could not be completed and is thus excluded in results for Tables 6 and 7. Tables 9 and 10 exhibit all artifacts. A histogram of artifact scores for both Outline and Speech is shown in Figure 8. While both distributions are similar, one distinction is that the the Outline results are very sporadic and not normally distributed (peak not as smooth).

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| n | 133 | 133 | 133 | 133 | 133 | 133 | 133 | 133 | 133 | 133 |
| Max | 10 | 10 | 15 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 15 | 5 | 5 | 10 |
| Min | 3 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 9 | 0 | 2 | 3 |
| Mode | 10 | 10 | 15 | 10 | 10 | 8 | 12 | 5 | 5 | 10 |
| Mean | 8.8 | 9.2 | 14.2 | 8.1 | 9.4 | 8.2 | 12.8 | 4.3 | 4.8 | 8.7 |
| Standard deviation | 1.61 | 1.40 | 2.02 | 2.64 | 1.03 | 1.26 | 2.08 | 0.88 | 0.50 | 1.64 |

Table 9. Descriptive statistics for SPC 2608.

| Rubric Score |  | Introduction | Organization | Support | Oral Documentation |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| n | 136 | 136 | 136 | 136 | Conclusion |
| Max | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 136 |
| Min | 0 | 3 | 6 | 0 | 10 |
| Mode | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Mean | 9.3 | 9.7 | 9.3 | 6.6 | 9.3 |
| Standard deviation | 1.43 | 1.02 | 1.20 | 2.95 | 1.29 |

Table 10. Descriptive statistics for SPC 2608 Outline.


Figure 8. Overall score distribution for Outline (gray) and Speech (aqua) (spring 2017 term).
To describe the behavior of the rubric dimensions based on overall achievement a color map, or binary raster image was created by calculating the mean scores for each dimension as a function of combined score (Figure 9). To create this image the rubric scores (4, 3, 2, 1, or 0 ) for each artifact was grouped
based on combined raw rubric score (10 dimensions x maximum rubric level of $4=40$ overall points). The color represents the mean rubric score achieved in each dimension based on the combined score as shown in the x-axis.


Figure 9. (Top) Colormap of mean scores for each rubric dimension (range: 0-4) based on overall rubric score (combined rubric score of all dimensions, max=40) for SPC 2608. (Bottom) Comparison rubric dimension if dimension score is the same as overall (i.e. artifact overall score is equally distributed across all sections). A rubric dimension with hotter colors (reds/yellows) means that dimension achievement exceeds the overall score and is an area of strength. An exam section with colder colors (blues/greens) means that section achievement is lower than the overall score and is therefore an area of weakness.

A review of the colormap in Figure 9 shows that at $37 / 40$ and above (average rubric score of 3.7 or higher) all dimensions fair relatively equally (hot colors fairly evenly distributed), which is quite similar to colormap results of fall 2015, spring 2016, and fall 2016. When overall rubric scores range below 31, "Oral Documentation" is somewhat weaker than the others, which is also fairly similar to that of fall 2015, spring 2016, and fall 2016. Also in this same range, "Attire" is substantially higher scoring than other dimensions. From a student performance perspective, strong students tend to be equally strong in all dimensions. Meanwhile, weaker students tend to be exceedingly lagging in "Oral Documentation" while exceedingly strong in "Attire."

A comparison of spring 2017 results with past results is shown in Figure 10 below. Results exhibit consistency among all rubric dimensions. The "Support" dimension exhibits a significant increase over time from 13.0/15 in fall 2014 to 14.2/15 in spring 2017.


Figure 10. Comparison of mean scores for Informative Speech through time beginning fall 2014 (light aqua) through spring 2015 (light purple), fall 2015 (darker aqua), spring 2016 (darker purple), fall 2016 (darkest aqua), and spring 2017 (darkest purple).

## 3 Exploratory Analysis and Significance Testing

Multiple comparisons of artifact scores across varying formats, campuses, and student types were made in order to add depth to the distribution of the artifacts by achievement level. Each course was divided into the appropriate subgroups to perform the analysis. Where possible, additional methods of analysis were conducted to provide a broader picture of these comparisons.

### 3.1 SPC 1017

### 3.1.1 Dual Enrollment to non-Dual Enrollment Comparison

No dual enrollment sections of SPC 1017 were offered during spring 2017 so no comparison study could be completed.

### 3.1.2 Online to Traditional Comparison

During the spring 2017 semester, 187 total online artifacts and 383 traditional artifacts were collected from SPC 1017 course sections. A comparison of mean scores by rubric dimension is provided in Table 11 and a graphical representation is provided in Figure 11. Mean scores are lower for online courses in six of ten dimensions. Differences in the means for all dimensions and overall score were tested for significance using a Welch's t-test according to standard methods (Davis, 1973; McDonald, 2009; Wilkinson, 1999). Of these, "Oral Documentation", "Language", "NV-Physical", "Presentation Media", and "Attire" are statistically significantly different. Therefore, we must reject the null hypothesis that
the differences in the means of the artifacts of the two course section types are equal to 0 for these dimensions, and we can conclude with a $95 \%$ confidence that the differences in scores are not solely due to chance. However, based on the work of Johnson (2013), there is a $17-25 \%$ chance that the marginally significant result (denoted in Table 11 as *) may be false positives (i.e. Type I errors).

|  |  |  |  | E. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { तु } \\ & 0 \\ & \text { P } \\ & \text { Z } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rubric Max | 10 | 10 | 15 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 15 | 5 | 5 | 10 | 100 |
| Online mean | 7.9 | 8.1 | 10.9 | 7.1 | 8.4 | 8.0 | 11.3 | 3.4 | 4.4 | 8.1 | 78.6 |
| Traditional mean | 7.7 | 8.5 | 13.0 | 7.0 | 9.0 | 7.7 | 11.8 | 4.2 | 4.6 | 7.8 | 80.8 |
| Effect Size | -0.03 | 0.12 | 0.12 | -0.01 | 0.31 | -0.13 | 0.17 | 0.44 | 0.21 | -0.05 | 0.14 |
| p-value | 0.960 | 0.103 | 0.087 | 0.016* | $5.58 \times 10^{-5}$ | 0.205 | 0.036* | 8.41×10 ${ }^{-9}$ | 0.009 | 0.861 | 0.111 |

Table 11. Comparison of mean scores for Online and Traditional for SPC 1017. Bold denote statistically significant difference. Rubric dimensions identified in SLOs in blue. Positive effect sizes indicate a higher mean score for Traditional artifacts. *Denote marginal significance as defined by Johnson (2013).

Effect size was calculated using a method devised by Rosenthal and Rosnow (1991) for meta-analytical purposes in potential comparisons with other institutions (Lipsey and Wilson, 1993). The statistically significant results exhibit what Cohen (1988) would consider small-to-medium effect sizes ranging from 0.03 to 0.44 (Table 11). In other words, non-overlap from online artifacts to traditional artifacts range from approximately $1 \%$ to $30 \%$.


Figure 11. Comparison of mean scores for online (teal) and traditional (purple) scores for SPC 1017 (spring 2017 term).

### 3.1.3 Comparison by Campus/Site

Of the 506 artifacts collected from SPC 1017, 101 originated from the Charlotte campus, 108 from the Collier campus, 123 from FSW Online, and 177 from the Thomas Edison (Lee) campus. Scores by rubric dimension varied greatly across campuses. A comparison of mean scores by rubric dimension is provided in Table 12.

|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ్ٓర } \\ & \text { לे } \\ & \text { ל } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rubric Max | 10 | 10 | 15 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 15 | 5 | 5 | 10 | 100 |
| Charlotte | 9.0 | 9.0 | 14.0 | 7.9 | 9.4 | 8.5 | 12.4 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 8.8 | 87.4 |
| Collier | 7.0 | 8.4 | 13.9 | 7.7 | 9.4 | 7.0 | 10.7 | 3.8 | 4.8 | 7.8 | 80.5 |
| FSW Online | 7.8 | 8.2 | 12.6 | 7.1 | 8.4 | 8.0 | 11.3 | 3.4 | 4.4 | 8.0 | 78.6 |
| Thomas <br> Edison (Lee) | 7.5 | 8.3 | 11.8 | 6.1 | 8.4 | 7.6 | 12.1 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 7.3 | 77.2 |

Table 12. Comparison of mean scores by site for SPC 1017. Bold denotes highest mean score in that dimension among all sites. Rubric dimensions identified in SLOs in blue.

Charlotte campus exhibits higher scores in 10/10 dimensions, up from 6/10 in fall 2016, 8/10 in spring 2016, and $5 / 10$ in fall 2015. Charlotte also exhibits the highest overall score. Two of the ten are shared high scores with Collier ("Language" and "Attire"). A plot comparing score distribution of the combined (overall) scores by site is presented in Figure 12. There is extensive overlap between sites. However, Charlotte exhibits a distribution on the upper end of that overlap with progressively negatively shifted modes (central tendencies) for Collier, FSW Online, and finally Thomas Edison which exhibits a very low kurtosis (central peakedness). For example, over $67 \%$ of Charlotte's scores range from 87 or higher. Meanwhile, in that same range, no other site exceeds $31 \%$.


Figure 12. Comparison of artifact score distribution for Charlotte (black), Collier (purple), FSW Online (outlined in red), and Thomas Edison (aqua).

A one-way analysis of variance was used to compare means of the combined rubric scores at each site. Results of the ANOVA exhibit a statistically significant difference between sites (see Table 13). Therefore, we can reject the null hypothesis that the mean combined rubric scores at each site are equal to each other and we can conclude with a $95 \%$ confidence that the differences in scores are not solely due to chance.

| Source of Variation | Sum of squared <br> differences | df | Mean <br> Squares | F $_{\text {obs }}$ | p-value | F $_{\text {crit }}$ |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Between Sites | 7169.2 | 3 | 2389.8 | 13.85 | $1.08 \times 10^{-8}$ | 2.62 |
| Within Sites | $87,128.2$ | 505 | 172.5 |  |  |  |
| Total | $94,297.7$ | 508 |  |  |  |  |

Table 13. Results of one-way ANOVA of combined rubric scores at each site for SPC 1017.

### 3.2 SPC 2608

### 3.2.1 Dual Enrollment to non-Dual Enrollment Comparison

While there was one offsite (dual enrollment) course section offered during spring 2017, the section did not report data. As a result, no comparison study could be completed.

### 3.2.2 Online to Traditional Comparison

During the spring 2017 semester, 25 total online artifacts and 108 traditional artifacts were collected from SPC 2608 course sections. A comparison of mean scores by rubric dimension is provided in Table 14 and a graphical representation is provided in Figure 13. Mean scores are lower for online courses in 7 of 10 dimensions, a reverse of previous terms, although only online sample is smaller than normal. Differences in the means for all dimensions and overall score were tested for significance using a Welch's t-test according to standard methods (Davis, 1973; McDonald, 2009; Wilkinson, 1999). Of the dimensions in which online sections exhibit a lower mean, "Organization", "Language", and "NV-Physical" are statistically significantly different. Of the dimensions in which online sections exhibit a higher mean, none are statistically significantly different. Therefore, we must reject the null hypothesis that the differences in the means of the artifacts of the two courses in the statistically significant dimensions as well as the overall score are equal to 0 , and we can conclude with a $95 \%$ confidence that the differences in scores are not solely due to chance. It should be noted that there is a $17-25 \%$ chance that the marginally significant results between the means of the "Organization" dimension may be a Type I error according to Johnson (2013).

Effect size was calculated using a method devised by Rosenthal and Rosnow (1991) for meta-analytical purposes in potential comparisons with other institutions (Lipsey and Wilson, 1993). The statistically significant results exhibit a wide range of effect sizes from 0.01 to 0.87 (Table 14). In other words, nonoverlap from online artifacts to traditional artifacts range from approximately $1 \%$ to $50 \%$.

|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EI } \\ & \text {.ㅡN } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { In } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { तु } \\ & 0 \\ & \text { P } \\ & \text { Z } \end{aligned}$ | 気 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \tilde{0} \\ & \frac{y}{3} \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rubric Max | 10 | 10 | 15 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 15 | 5 | 5 | 10 | 100 |
| Online mean | 8.5 | 8.6 | 13.9 | 7.3 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 10.9 | 3.9 | 4.8 | 8.7 | 83.3 |
| Traditional mean | 8.8 | 9.3 | 14.3 | 8.3 | 9.6 | 8.2 | 13.2 | 4.4 | 4.8 | 8.7 | 89.7 |
| Effect Size | 0.14 | 0.36 | 0.13 | 0.28 | 0.84 | 0.00 | 0.87 | 0.32 | 0.13 | 0.01 | 0.65 |
| p-value | 0.417 | 0.049* | 0.448 | 0.057 | $4.14 \times 10^{-5}$ | 0.998 | $1.88 \times 10^{-5}$ | 0.074 | 0.477 | 0.952 | 0.001 |

Table 14. Comparison of mean scores for Online and Traditional for SPC 2608. Bold denote statistically significant difference. Rubric dimensions identified in SLOs in blue. Positive effect sizes indicate a higher mean score for Traditional artifacts. *Denote marginal significance as defined by Johnson (2013).


Figure 13. Comparison of mean scores for online (aqua) and traditional (purple) scores for SPC 2608 (spring 2017 term).

### 3.2.3 Comparison by Campus/Site

Of the 133 artifacts collected from SPC 2608, 40 originated from the Charlotte campus, 25 from FSW Online, and 68 from the Thomas Edison (Lee) campus. The Charlotte campus exhibits higher scores in 9/10 dimensions. In the past, it has been FSW Online that has exhibited the majority of the high scores. The Charlotte campus also exhibits the highest overall score. The remaining $1 / 10$ highest score is exhibited by the Thomas Edison campus. A comparison of mean scores by rubric dimension is provided in Table 15. A plot comparing descriptive statistics of the combined scores by site is presented in Figure 14. Charlotte and Thomas Edison sites exhibit very similar distributions, if slightly shifted from one another. FSW Online, however, exhibit results shifted more towards lower scores. A one-way analysis of variance was used to compare means of the overall scores at each site. Results of the ANOVA exhibit
a statistically significant difference between sites largely as a result of the shifts exhibited by FSW Online. Therefore, we can reject the null hypothesis that the mean combined rubric scores at each site are equal to each other and we can conclude with a $95 \%$ confidence that the differences in scores are not solely due to chance.

|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EI } \\ & \text {. } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N. } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tु } \\ & 0 \\ & \text { B } \\ & \text { 安 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \tilde{0} \\ & \text { U } \\ & \text { U } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rubric Max | 10 | 10 | 15 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 15 | 5 | 5 | 10 | 100 |
| Charlotte | 10.0 | 9.6 | 14.7 | 8.9 | 10.0 | 8.8 | 12.8 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 9.6 | 94.1 |
| FSW Online | 8.5 | 8.6 | 13.9 | 7.3 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 10.9 | 3.9 | 4.8 | 8.7 | 83.3 |
| Thomas <br> Edison (Lee) | 8.2 | 9.2 | 14.0 | 8.0 | 9.4 | 7.9 | 13.4 | 4.1 | 4.8 | 8.2 | 87.2 |

Table 15. Comparison of mean scores by site for SPC 2608. Bold denotes highest mean score in that dimension among all sites. Rubric dimensions identified in SLOs in blue.


Figure 14. Comparison of artifact score distribution for Charlotte (black), FSW Online (outlined in red), and Thomas Edison (teal).

| Source of Variation | Sum of squared <br> differences | df | Mean <br> Squares | Fobs | p-value | Fcrit |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Between Sites | 2054.6 | 2 | 1027.3 | 20.58 | $1.72 \times 10^{-8}$ | 3.07 |
| Within Sites | 6488.5 | 130 | 49.9 |  |  |  |
| Total | 8543.2 | 132 |  |  |  |  |

Table 16. Results of one-way ANOVA of combined rubric scores at each site for SPC 2608.

## 4 CONCLUSIONS

FSW's Speech Department employed a common rubric used by all faculty as a means to evaluate an agreed upon series of student level outcomes for SPC 1017 and SPC 2608. Faculty goals in assessment
included tracking rubric implementation, Student Learning Objectives (SLOs) to include Introduction, Oral Documentation, and Conclusion, and comparisons between dual enrollment and non-dual enrollment students, online and traditional students, and by site.

A drilldown of SPC 1017 results are as follows:

1. SLO 1 - Achievement of "Developing" or higher ( $\geq 2$ ) in the Informative Speech rubric dimension "Oral Documentation" for $70 \%$ of the students was met.
2. SLO 2 - Achievement of "Developing" or higher ( $\geq 2$ ) in the Informative Speech rubric dimension "NV-Physical" for $70 \%$ of the students was met.
3. SLO 3-Achievement of students will improve in the common outcomes of the Informative Speech Outline and the Informative Speech was met.
4. SLO 4 - Achievement of "Developing" or higher ( $\geq 2$ ) in both the Informative Speech and Outline rubric dimension "Introduction" was met.
5. SLO 5 - Achievement of "Developing" or higher ( $\geq 2$ ) in both the Informative Speech and Outline rubric dimension "Conclusion" was met.
6. Distribution of artifact scores was centered on $90 / 100$ and is moderately negatively skewed, meaning scores are shifted towards the higher range.
7. In a study comparing rubric achievement based on overall score, over achieving students tend to be equally strong in all dimensions, moderate students tend to excel in Support, Language, and Attire, while beginning to lag in other dimensions, and under achieving students tend to be exceedingly lagging in "Oral Documentation" and "Presentation Media."
8. In a longitudinal study, results exhibit consistency among all rubric dimensions. Slight decreasing trends in both "Support" and "NV-Vocal", which appeared to have reversed somewhat in fall 2016, continue to decline in spring 2017.
9. No comparison between dual enrollment sections and traditional sections could be made because no dual enrollment sections were offered during spring 2017.
10. In a comparison of online to traditional artifacts mean scores are lower for online courses in six of ten dimensions. Of these, "Oral Documentation", "Language", "NV-Physical", "Presentation Media", and "Attire" are statistically significantly different.
11. In a cross-campus comparison, Charlotte campus exhibits higher scores in $10 / 10$ dimensions, up from $6 / 10$ in fall 2016, $8 / 10$ in spring 2016, and $5 / 10$ in fall 2015. Charlotte also exhibits the highest overall score. Two of the ten are shared high scores with Collier ("Language" and "Attire"). Results of the ANOVA exhibit a statistically significant difference between sites.

A drilldown of SPC 2608 results are as follows:

1. SLO 1 - Achievement of "Developing" or higher ( $\geq 2$ ) in the Informative Speech rubric dimension "Oral Documentation" for $70 \%$ of the students was met.
2. SLO 2 - Achievement of "Developing" or higher ( $\geq 2$ ) in the Informative Speech rubric dimension "NV-Physical" for 70\% of the students was met.
3. SLO 3 - Achievement of students will improve in the common outcomes of the Informative Speech Outline and the Informative Speech was met.
4. SLO 4 - Achievement of "Developing" or higher ( $\geq 2$ ) in both the Informative Speech and Outline rubric dimension "Introduction" was met.
5. SLO 5 - Achievement of "Developing" or higher ( $\geq 2$ ) in both the Informative Speech and Outline rubric dimension "Conclusion" was met.
6. Distribution of artifact scores is centered on $92 / 100$ and has a large negative skew, meaning scores are substantially shifted towards the higher range.
7. In a study comparing rubric achievement based on overall score, strong students tend to be equally strong in all dimensions. Meanwhile, weaker students tend to be exceedingly lagging in "Oral Documentation" while exceedingly strong in "Attire."
8. In a longitudinal study, results exhibit consistency among all rubric dimensions. The "Support" dimension exhibits a significant increase over time from 13.0/15 in fall 2014 to 14.2/15 in spring 2017.
9. No comparison between dual enrollment sections and traditional sections could be made because no dual enrollment sections were offered during spring 2017.
10. In a comparison of online to traditional artifacts mean scores are lower for online courses in 7 of 10 dimensions, a reverse of previous terms, although only online sample is smaller than normal. Of the dimensions in which online sections exhibit a lower mean, "Organization", "Language", and "NV-Physical" are statistically significantly different.
11. In a cross-campus comparison, the Charlotte campus exhibits higher scores in 9/10 dimensions. In the past, it has been FSW Online that has exhibited the majority of the high scores. The Charlotte campus also exhibits the highest overall score. The remaining $1 / 10$ highest score is exhibited by the Thomas Edison campus. Results of the ANOVA exhibit a statistically significant difference between sites.

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